

**SUPPORTING STATEMENT FOR REQUEST FOR OMB APPROVAL
UNDER THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995**

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SUPPORTING STATEMENT
H-2B APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATION
OMB Control No. 1205-0509

This Information Collection Request (ICR) seeks approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) for revisions to the H-2B temporary non-agricultural program information collection. More specifically, the Department of Labor (DOL or Department) proposes changes to the Form ETA-9142B, *Application for Temporary Employment Certification* to improve the collection and reduce duplicative information, and the Department proposes changes to the Form ETA-9142B Appendix B, *Employer Assurances and Obligations* to clarify existing program requirements for employers.

The Department is proposing the addition of the following Form ETA-9142B appendices to standardize the collection of existing H-2B collection requirements:

- Appendix A: *Additional Worksite and Wage Information*, which will require employers to disclose on a single application multiple worksites and wage offers within an area of intended employment;
- Appendix C: *Foreign Labor Recruiter Information*, which will require employers to identify the name(s) and location(s) of all persons or agents involved in recruiting H-2B workers for the applicable job opportunity; and
- Appendix D: *Employer-Client Information*, which will require employers operating as job contractors to disclose the name and contact information of their employer-client(s).

The Department also proposes to eliminate the issuance of “paper-based” labor certification documents by creating a single-page Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination* that will be issued to employers via electronic mail. The Department will issue this document to employers granted temporary labor certification under the H-2B program.

The Department requests approval without change for the Form ETA-9142B, *Seafood Industry Attestation* and Form ETA-9155, *H-2B Registration*. The Department proposes to consolidate into this ICR, OMB Control Number 0509-0516, for the Form ETA-9165, *Employer-Provided Survey Attestations to Accompany H-2B Prevailing Wage Determination Request Based on a Non-OES Survey*, and its general instructions with minor revisions to clarify program requirements.

A. Justification

A.1. Circumstances Necessitating Data Collection and Retention

The Immigration and Nationality Act of 1990 (INA) establishes the H-2B nonimmigrant visa classification for a non-agricultural temporary worker “having a residence in a foreign country which he has no intention of abandoning who is coming temporarily to the United States to perform . . . temporary [non-agricultural] service or labor if unemployed persons capable of performing such service or labor cannot be found in this country.” INA Section

101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b), 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b). Employers must petition the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) for classification of prospective temporary workers as H-2B nonimmigrants. INA Section 214(c)(1), 8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(1). DHS must approve this petition before the beneficiary can be considered eligible for an H-2B visa. Finally, the INA requires that “[t]he question of importing any alien as [an H-2B] nonimmigrant . . . in any specific case or specific cases shall be determined by [DHS],¹ after consultation with appropriate agencies of the Government.” INA Section 214(c)(1), 8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(1).

DHS consults with DOL with respect to the H-2B program, and DOL provides advice on whether U.S. workers capable of performing the temporary services or labor are available. *See* INA Section 214(c)(1), 8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(1) (providing for DHS to consult with “appropriate agencies of the Government”). Under DHS regulations, an H-2B petition for temporary employment must be accompanied by an approved temporary labor certification from DOL. 8 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 214.2(h)(6)(iii)(A), (iv)(A). The temporary labor certification serves as DHS’s consultation with DOL with respect to whether a qualified U.S. worker is available to fill the petitioning H-2B employer’s job opportunity and whether a foreign worker’s employment in the job opportunity will adversely affect the wages or working conditions of similarly employed U.S. workers. In April 2015, DHS and DOL jointly promulgated regulations establishing the standards and procedures by which an employer must obtain a prevailing wage and temporary labor certification from DOL. 20 CFR 655, Subpart A, 8 CFR 214.2(h)(6)(iii)-(iv). The Office of Foreign Labor Certification (OFLC) within the Employment and Training Administration (ETA) is the component agency responsible for the processing of employer requests for prevailing wages and temporary labor certification under the H-2B program.

This ICR, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Control Number 1205-0509, includes the collection of information related to the issuance of temporary labor certifications in the H-2B program and the use of employer-provided surveys for determining prevailing wages.

Statutory Authority: 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b) and 1184(c)(1)

Regulatory Authority: 8 CFR 214.2(h)(6); 20 CFR 655, Subpart A; 29 CFR 503

As provided in the Department’s regulations at 20 CFR 655, Subpart A, the information contained in the Form ETA-9142B, *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* and all appropriate appendices constitutes the basis for DOL’s determination that an insufficient number of qualified U.S. workers are available to fill the employer’s job opportunity, and the wages and working conditions of similarly employed U.S. workers will not be adversely affected by the employment of H-2B workers. This determination is required before a petition can be approved by DHS.

¹ Under Section 1517 of Title XV of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (HSA), Pub. L. No. 107-296, any reference to the Attorney General in a provision of the INA describing functions that were transferred from the Attorney General or other Department of Justice official to DHS by the HSA “shall be deemed to refer to the Secretary” of Homeland Security. *See* 6 U.S.C. 557 (2003) (codifying HSA, Title XV, Section 1517); 6 U.S.C. 542 note; 8 U.S.C. 1551 note.

ETA is seeking public comments on proposed revisions to this information collection under OMB Control Number 1205-0509, containing Form ETA-9142B, *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* and its appendices, Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination*, Form ETA-9155, *H-2B Registration*, and Form ETA-9142B, *Seafood Industry Attestation*, all of which expire on December 31, 2018. ETA is also proposing to consolidate under this ICR the collection of information on the Form ETA-9165, *Employer-Provided Survey Attestations to Accompany H-2B Prevailing Wage Determination Request Based on a Non-OES Survey*, which is separately authorized under OMB Control Number 1205-0516.

A.2. How, by Whom, and For What Purpose the Information is to be Used

OFLC uses these information collections to meet its statutory and regulatory responsibilities for administering the H-2B program. An employer seeking to employ H-2B workers must file a completed *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* no fewer than 75 calendar days and no more than 90 calendar days before its date of need. 20 CFR 655.15(b). The *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* includes the collection of information on the Form ETA-9142B and all required appendices; a valid registration demonstrating the employer's temporary need; a valid prevailing wage determination; a copy of the job order submitted concurrently to the State Workforce Agency (SWA) serving the area of intended employment; a copy of all contracts and agreements with agents and foreign labor recruiters executed in connection with the job opportunities; and all other applicable documentation supporting the application. *See* 20 CFR 655.15(a).

OFLC reviews an application submitted by an employer requesting temporary labor certification for compliance with all applicable program requirements and issues either a Notice of Deficiency (NOD) or Notice of Acceptance (NOA) of the application within seven business days of receipt. *See* 20 CFR 655.30(a); 20 CFR 655.31(a); 20 CFR 655.33(a). Where deficiencies in the application are discovered, the NOD provides the employer with up to 10 business days to correct the deficiencies or file an appeal with the Department's Administrative Law Judge. 20 CFR 655.31(a), (b)(2)-(b)(3). OFLC may issue one or more additional NODs before issuing a decision. 20 CFR 655.32(a). Where all program requirements are met, the NOA authorizes the recruitment of U.S. workers for the employer's job opportunity and specifies a date on which the employer must provide an initial written report of its recruitment efforts. *See* 20 CFR 655.33(a), (b)(1); 20 CFR 655.48(a). Upon review of the recruitment report, OFLC may grant a full or partial temporary labor certification determination or deny the employer's H-2B application. *See* 20 CFR 655.52-54. In making a labor certification determination whether there are insufficient U.S. workers to fill the employer's job opportunity, OFLC will count as available any U.S. worker referred by a SWA or any U.S. worker who applied (or on whose behalf an application is made) directly to the employer, but who was rejected by the employer for other than a lawful job-related reason. 20 CFR 655.51(b). Thus, a partial temporary labor certification granted by OFLC reduces the number of H-2B workers the employer initially requested by each U.S. worker who is qualified and available to perform the job. *See* 20 CFR 655.54. OFLC will grant a temporary labor certification only after the employer's H-2B application has met all the requirements for approving a labor certification under 20 CFR 655, Subpart A. 20 CFR 655.50(b). In accordance with regulatory requirements, OFLC sends certified H-2B applications

to the employer, and a copy to the employer's attorney or agent if applicable, by means normally assuring next day delivery. 20 CFR 655.52.

The *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* and all supporting documentation must be retained by the employer for three years from the date of certification (for approved applications), the date of adjudication (for denied applications), or the date OFLC received the employer's letter of withdrawal (for withdrawn applications). See 20 CFR 655.56(b). Employers must be prepared to produce all information and records contained in this ICR for DOL or other federal agencies in the event of an audit examination, investigation, or other enforcement proceedings in the H-2B program. See 20 CFR 655.56(c).

Specifically, the information collections are used by OFLC in the manner described below:

Form ETA-9142B, *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification*

An employer must include on the main Form ETA-9142B basic information related to its business for the purpose of determining whether the establishment operating in the United States is bona fide; contact information of an employee of the employer who is authorized to act on behalf of the employer in labor certification matters; and, if applicable, contact information of an attorney or agent who is authorized to act on behalf of the employer in labor certification matters. Because the Department routinely sends and receives communications during the course of processing an employer's application, the Form ETA-9142B requires the entry of a valid electronic mail address from both the employer contact and, if applicable, the employer's authorized attorney or agent. For an employer who is represented in the filing of the application by an agent, the form collects information to assess whether the agent has provided (1) a current agreement or other documentation demonstrating the agent's authority to represent the employer, and, if applicable, (2) a current Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act (MSPA) Certificate of Registration identifying the farm labor contracting activities the agent is authorized to perform under this application. See 20 CFR 655.8(a)-(b). Similarly, for an employer covered by the MSPA's Certificate of Registration requirement, the form requires the employer to designate and provide a current copy of the Certificate of Registration identifying the farm labor contracting activities the employer is authorized to perform.

The Form ETA-9142B also collects basic information related to the employer's job opportunity and need for H-2B workers, including the job title and occupational classification, number of workers, period of intended employment, designation (e.g., seasonal, peakload) of temporary need, services or labor to be performed, and minimum job requirements. To ensure no adverse effect on the wages of similarly employed U.S. workers and that all work expected to be performed by H-2B workers will be located within one area of intended employment, the form collects information on all places of employment (i.e., worksites) and the wage rates to be paid to workers at those worksites, the latter of which allows OFLC to compare the reported wage rates with the prevailing wage rates obtained by the employer for those worksites.

Form ETA-9142B, Appendix A - Additional Place(s) of Employment and Wage Information

In circumstances where work needs to be performed at worksite locations other than the primary one identified on the main Form ETA-9142B, the employer must complete *Appendix A* identifying all places of employment and details about the wage offers for each of those places of employment. *See* 20 CFR 655.15. Employers already submit information related to places of employment and wage offer information in a variety of paper-based formats, which the Department factored into the estimated burden for the current Form ETA-9142B. The proposed *Appendix A* establishes a new standardized and electronic format for collecting this information, which the Department currently receives as an attachment to the form. OFLC uses this information to ensure all places of employment are located within an area of intended employment and that the employer is offering wages that are at least equal to the prevailing wage covering each place of employment. *See* 20 CFR 655.10(a), (d). Additionally, the collection of this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by the Department's Wage and Hour Division (WHD) during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. *See* 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

Form ETA-9142B, Appendix B - Attorney/Agent/Employer Declarations

To obtain a temporary labor certification, the Department's regulations require an employer, and its attorneys or agents if applicable, to submit a completed *Appendix B* that attests to compliance with all of the terms, assurances, and obligations of the H-2B program. *See* 20 CFR 655.15; 20 CFR 655.20. For an employer operating as a job contractor seeking temporary labor certification, the Form ETA-9142B requires disclosure and submission of a signed and dated *Appendix B* completed by the employer-client. 20 CFR 655.4(d)(1) (citing 20 CFR 655.19). The revisions to this collection of information clarify employer assurances and obligations, including clarifying that an employer is obligated to pay a new prevailing wage if the Department issues an official correction to that employer, unless the Department notifies the employer otherwise. Additionally, the collection of this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. *See* 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17. The Department's estimated burden for the current Form ETA-9142B includes the completion of *Appendix B*.

Form ETA-9142B, Appendix C - Foreign Labor Recruiter Information

The Department's regulations require an employer who engages or plans to engage any agent(s) or recruiter(s) in the recruitment of prospective H-2B workers to provide the information requested by *Appendix C*. *See* 20 CFR 655.9(b); 20 CFR 655.15. Employers already submit information related to the use of foreign labor recruiters in a variety of paper-based formats, which the Department factored into the estimated burden for the current Form ETA-9142B. The proposed *Appendix C* establishes a standardized and electronic format for collecting this existing information. The *Appendix C* collects basic information on the identities and locations of all persons and entities hired by, or working for, the associated foreign labor recruiter. To provide

greater transparency in the recruitment of H-2B workers and prevent program abuse, OFLC uses this information to maintain a publicly available list on its website of the identity and location of any persons or entities hired by or working for these recruiters to recruit prospective foreign workers for the H-2B job opportunities offered by the employer. *See* 20 CFR 655.9(c). The collection of this information will also be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. *See* 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

Form ETA-9142B, Appendix D - Employer-Client Information for Job Contractors

The Department's regulations require an employer filing as a job contractor and acting as a joint employer with its employer-client to submit a single application. *See* 20 CFR 655.19(a). In filing the application, the job contractor must disclose the identity and contact information of its employer-client by completing the *Appendix D*. *See* 20 CFR 655.15; 20 CFR 655.19(d)(1). The job contractor already submits information identifying its employer-client in a variety of paper-based formats, which the Department factored into the estimated burden for the current Form ETA-9142B. *Appendix D* establishes a standardized and electronic format for collecting this existing information. Information on the *Appendix D* will permit OFLC to verify whether the executed contracts or other agreements establishing the joint-employer relationship of the workers sought under the application is bona fide, and ensure that all advertising requirements unique to job contractors under the regulations are met. *See* 20 CFR 655.19(b), (e). Additionally, the collection of this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. *See* 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

Form ETA-9142B, Labor Certification Determination

Where the employer's application has met all the regulatory requirements, including the criteria for certification in 20 CFR 655.51, the Department will complete and electronically send to the employer and, if applicable, the employer's authorized attorney or agent, the new Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination*. This one-page certification form provides the official certification that a sufficient number of qualified U.S. workers have not been identified as being available at the time and place needed to fill the job opportunities for which certification is sought, and the employment of the H-2B temporary workers in such labor or services will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of U.S. workers similarly employed. *See* 20 CFR 655.50(b). The employer will use the Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination*, as well as any other required documentation to support the filing of an H-2B petition with DHS's United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). Additionally, this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. *See* 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

Form ETA-9142B, *Seafood Industry Attestation*

The Department's regulation at 20 CFR 655.15(f) permits only employers in the seafood industry to stagger the entry of their nonimmigrant workers into the United States, in accordance with an approved H-2B petition, at any time during the 120-day period on or after the employer's certified start date of need if certain conditions are met. No additional information or documentation related to this provision should be submitted to OFLC with an H-2B temporary employment certification application. *See* 20 CFR 655.15(f). An employer seeking to use this regulatory provision must provide each H-2B nonimmigrant worker seeking entry into the United States a copy of the signed and dated *Seafood Industry Attestation*, with instructions that the worker must present the documentation upon request to the Department of State's consular officers when applying for an H-2B visa, and/or DHS's U.S. Customs and Border Protection officers when seeking entry into the United States. 20 CFR 655.15(f)(3)(2). Without this attestation, an H-2B nonimmigrant may be denied admission to the United States if seeking to enter at any time other than the designated 20-day period (10 days before and after the start date) surrounding the start date stated in the petition. *Temporary Non-Agricultural Employment of H-2B Aliens in the United States; Interim Final Rule*, 80 Fed. Reg. 24042, 24061 (Apr. 29, 2015). Seafood industry employers must retain the additional recruitment documentation, together with their pre-filing recruitment documentation, for a period of three years from the date of certification, consistent with the document retention requirements. 20 CFR 655.15(f)(3)(3). The collection of this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. *See* 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

Form ETA-9165, *Employer-Provided Survey Attestations to Accompany H-2B Prevailing Wage Determination Request Based on a Non-OES Survey*

An employer is required to request and obtain a prevailing wage determination from OFLC's National Prevailing Wage Center (NPWC) before posting its job order with the SWA serving the area of intended employment and filing the Form ETA-9142B. 20 CFR 655.10(c); 20 CFR 655.15(a). In limited circumstances, an employer may request that NPWC consider an employer-provided wage survey in making the prevailing wage determination, pursuant to 20 CFR 655.10(f) as modified by Section 112 of the Department of Labor Appropriations Act, 2018, Division H, Title I of Pub. L. 115-141 (Mar. 23, 2018). To carry out these provisions, the employer will complete the Form ETA-9165, *Employer-Provided Survey Attestations to Accompany H-2B Prevailing Wage Determination Request Based on a Non-OES Survey*. This form is currently authorized under OMB Control Number 1205-0516 and is separate from the Form ETA-9141, *Application for Prevailing Wage Determination*, which is currently authorized under OMB Control Number 1205-0508. Form ETA-9165 is used to collect information that permits NPWC to determine whether an employer-provided survey can be used for establishing H-2B prevailing wages in the occupational classification in lieu of prevailing wages available under the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) program. Additionally, the collection of this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and

requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. See 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

Form ETA-9155, H-2B Registration

Pursuant to 20 CFR 655.11, an employer must establish that its need for the services or labor to be performed in the job opportunity is temporary in nature by filing a request for registration with OFLC's Chicago National Processing Center. The information collected on the Form ETA-9155, *H-2B Registration* allows OFLC to determine whether the nature and duration of the employer's need for H-2B workers is temporary. Where OFLC has not operationalized the registration process through a separate notice in the *Federal Register*, H-2B applications are exempt from the registration requirements under 20 CFR 655.11, and the adjudication of the employer's temporary need will continue to occur based on information collected on the Form ETA-9142B. See 20 CFR 655.11(j). Additionally, the collection of this information will be used in post-adjudication audit examinations and/or program integrity proceedings (e.g., revocation or debarment actions) and requested by WHD during an investigation or enforcement proceeding. See 20 CFR 655.56; 29 CFR 503.17.

A.3. Use of Technology to Reduce Burden

Pursuant to 20 CFR 655.15(c), an employer or, if applicable, its authorized attorney or agent, seeking temporary labor certification must submit an *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* and all supporting documentation to OFLC either electronically or by U.S. mail. Since October 2012, the electronic filing of the *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* and all supporting documentation is supported by the Department's iCERT Visa Portal System (iCERT System) and accessible at <http://icert.doleta.gov>. Although not mandated by regulation, more than 94 percent of H-2B applications were filed electronically by employers during Fiscal Year 2017. In circumstances where the application is filed using the traditional paper-based method, OFLC staff manually enters the data and information contained on the paper application into the iCERT System's internal case management system for processing in a similar manner as those filed electronically.

The iCERT System permits an employer or, if applicable, its authorized attorney or agent to efficiently prepare and submit H-2B applications for processing by OFLC. During the preparation of applications, the iCERT System provides employers with a series of electronic data checks and prompts to ensure each required field is completed and values entered on the form are valid and consistent with regulatory requirements. The OFLC website and the iCERT System's H-2B Case Preparation Module include detailed instructions designed to help employers understand what each form collection item means and what kind of entries are required. Where it is not practical to collect supporting documentation using a standard OMB-approved appendix, the iCERT System permits an employer to upload documentation supporting the application in an acceptable digitized format (e.g., Adobe PDF, Microsoft Word, .TXT).

When the employer or, if applicable, its authorized attorney or agent initially enters contact information and establishes an iCERT System Account, the H-2B Case Preparation Module automatically pre-populates all contact information on the draft Form ETA-9142B, significantly

reducing the time and burden for repeated online data entry. Additionally, the H-2B Case Preparation Module provides employers with an option to “reuse” previously filed applications, which automatically copies information into a new draft Form ETA-9142B. Under this option, employers only have to change a limited set of information on the new application to accommodate the job opportunity, such as the number of workers being requested for certification, period of employment, and the intended place(s) of employment. This option significantly reduces the time and burden for online data entry, particularly for those employers who need to access the program to hire nonimmigrant workers for seasonal jobs that predictably recur each year. OFLC’s experience is that the submission of all required documentation, at the time of filing the application, facilitates a more efficient and consistent review of the employer’s application, and reduces the incidence of OFLC returning the incomplete application without further review or issuing a NOD to request missing documentation or corrections for obvious errors or inaccuracies.

In compliance with the Government Paperwork Elimination Act, ETA will continue to make all forms and appendices approved under this ICR easily accessible on both the iCERT System and OFLC website (<https://www.foreignlaborcert.doleta.gov/form.cfm>) and electronically fillable and fileable. The Department will seek OMB approval of the electronically fileable form and all appendices prior to introducing it for public use. However, the proposed Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination* will not be made available in an electronically fillable format, because it is for the Department’s use only and not to be completed by the employer and its authorized attorney or agent, if applicable. Where the employer’s application has met all regulatory requirements, the iCERT System will release the one-page, Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination*, to the employer and, if applicable, its authorized attorney or agent using electronic mail (email) and pre-populate it with key information reflecting OFLC’s decision to grant approval of the employer’s request for temporary labor certification. The employer will download, print, and submit the Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination*, along with any other required documentation to support the filing of an H-2B petition to the USCIS for processing.

A.4. Efforts to Identify Duplication

The information requested on the forms ETA-9142B and accompanying appendices, ETA-9165, and ETA-9155 is sufficiently diverse to avoid duplication of activities within the Department for the H-2B program. Any duplicative information such as the name(s), address(es), and contact information of the employer and, if applicable, its authorized attorney or agent will be eliminated once all of the form revisions are incorporated into the iCERT System. In addition, the proposed collection of the prevailing wage tracking number on the Form ETA-9142B will eliminate the need for an employer to re-enter information related to the job opportunity, minimum requirements, and all places of employment. Once the employer selects the prevailing wage tracking number during the application preparation stage for the Form ETA-9142B, the iCERT System will auto-populate information related to the job opportunity, minimum requirements, and the places of employment from the Form ETA-9141 associated with the chosen prevailing wage tracking number. Finally, the procedures and documentation requirements are sufficiently specific to avoid duplication of activities. The information collections covered by this ICR only

apply to entities seeking H-2B workers; consequently, there is no duplication of information collection requirements.

A.5. Methods to Minimize Burden on Small Businesses

The information collected under this ICR is required of small businesses who wish to employ temporary nonimmigrant workers under the H-2B visa classification of the INA. The Department cannot make any exemptions or eliminate forms for small businesses, because the statute and regulations require all employers seeking temporary labor certification to make the necessary attestations and provide the information requested. This collection is not disproportionately more burdensome for small entities than large ones, because the forms and accompanying appendices are easy-to-understand and provide all of the necessary attestations and assurances so that the employer does not need to find the appropriate law or regulation to know how to request a temporary labor certification. It is not possible to reduce the burden on small entities by shortening the forms, because the forms collect from all employers the minimum information needed to determine program eligibility and issue a labor certification determination. The use of electronic filing and collection of business email addresses on the forms will serve to minimize the burdens on respondents by increasing the completeness and quality of applications received and enhancing electronic communications during the application review process. Any recordkeeping requirements largely involve information that already exists in payroll and other records kept by most employers for other purposes.

A.6. Consequences of Less Frequent Data Collection

The information collected under this ICR must be provided at the time an employer needs to request a prevailing wage determination (i.e., when requesting a prevailing wage based on an employer-provided survey) and temporary labor certification to employ nonimmigrant workers under the H-2B visa classification. The Department would be in direct violation of its statutory and regulatory mandates if this information were not collected. The information must be collected to enable the Department to meet its obligations to determine whether an insufficient number of qualified U.S. workers are available to fill the employer's job opportunity and that the wages and working conditions of similarly employed U.S. workers will not be adversely affected by the employment of H-2B workers. Additionally, in the absence of this information collection, the Department would be unable to enforce the rights and obligations of workers and employers under the H-2B program.

A.7. Special Circumstances for Data Collection

There are no special circumstances that would require the information to be collected or kept in a manner that requires further explanation pursuant to the regulations set forth at 5 C.F.R. 1320.5(d)(2).

A.8. Summary of Public Comments

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the public is being given 60 days to comment on this information collection. The Department will provide a summary of the

public comments after receipt and describe the actions taken by the Department in response to the comments received.

A.9. Payment of Gifts to Respondents

No payments or gifts will be made to respondents in exchange for the information provided through these information collection tools.

A.10. Confidentiality Assurances

The collection of data and information under this ICR are incorporated into the Department's System of Records Notice DOL/ETA-7. The categories of records in this collection include information such as the names and addresses of employers and their authorized attorneys and agents; material terms and conditions of employment to be offered to an unknown number of nonimmigrant workers; employer-provided source wage documents and surveys; names of agents and recruiters whom employers may engage in the recruitment of prospective H-2B workers, as well as the identity and location of all persons or entities hired by or working for such recruiters or agents, and any of the agents or employees of those persons and entities that are engaged in the recruitment of prospective workers for the H-2B job opportunities offered by the employer. The laws authorizing this program and collection of information provides for compliance with the Privacy Act in all its aspects.

OFLC files associated with prevailing wage determinations and applications for temporary labor certification are retained for a period of five years after close in accordance with Records Schedule Number DAA-0369-2013-0002. Paper files are retained on-site at the applicable OFLC processing center(s) for six months from the date of the final determination. OFLC digitizes or converts paper records into OFLC Archive and Scan database(s), which are destroyed once converted to an electronic medium and verified, or when no longer needed for legal or audit purposes in accordance with the records schedule. Paper copies of case files that are not scanned are retained on-site for six months from the date of the final determination and then transferred to the Federal Records Center for the duration of the five-year retention period.

A.11. Additional Justification for Sensitive Questions

The information collections do not involve sensitive matters.

A.12. Estimates of the Burden of Data Collection to Respondents

Based on previous program experience, the Department estimates it will receive approximately 8,076² Form ETA-9142B submissions, 278 Form ETA-9165 submissions, and 5,388 Form ETA-9155 submissions for the H-2B program. The estimated Time Reporting Burden per H-2B

² The numerical estimation of 8,076 is derived from the average submissions of H-2B applications from two previous fiscal years based on the Department's experience implementing the 2015 H-2B Interim Final Rule. Specifically, the number of H-2B applications for Fiscal Year 2016 was 7,167. For Fiscal Year 2017, it was 8,984. Burden estimates provided are based on average data from Fiscal Years 2016 and 2017 to the extent possible, unless otherwise indicated. Burden estimates are rounded to the nearest whole number or when relevant, the nearest thousandths place of a decimal.

Application Process for Form ETA-9155 is one hour; Form ETA-9165 is 25 minutes; and Form ETA-9142B is 45 minutes, excluding appendices and recordkeeping requirements. While actions associated with the form collection vary depending on the nature and complexity of the employer's job opportunity and need for temporary nonimmigrant workers, the estimated average hourly reporting burden includes those elements that are common to the majority of applications. The burden for OMB 1205-0516 is included in this consolidated ICR.

I. Hourly Burden Estimates

A. Agents and Recruiters

1. *Proof of Agent Relationship (20 CFR 655.8(a))*. The regulations require all agents who file H-2B applications on behalf of employers to demonstrate that a bona fide relationship exists between them and the employer. The Department is not requiring any specific form of such documentation and will accept a copy of the agent agreement or other document demonstrating the agent's authority to act on behalf of the employer. We estimate that it takes 30 minutes to write, print, sign, and deliver a letter confirming the relationship. Based on recent experience, we estimate that 548 letters will need to be created between agents or attorneys and their clients and then copied and attached to applications. Based on program data, the Department estimates the 548 letters will be used in the filing of 7,126 applications, for an hourly burden of 3,563 reporting hours. (7,126 filings x 0.50 hours = 3,563 hours).
2. *Agent's Proof of MSPA Registration (20 CFR 655.8(b))*. The regulations require agents who are Farm Labor Contractors to provide a copy of their MSPA Certificate of Registration. The Department estimates it takes agents approximately five minutes to copy their certificates and attach them to the application for approximately 13 Farm Labor Contractor filings. The hourly burden for this collection is one reporting hour and 2 minutes. (13 filings x 0.08 hours = 1.04 hours).
3. *Inform of Fee Prohibitions (20 CFR 655.20(p) and 29 CFR 503.16(p))*. The Department requires employers to prohibit in a written contract any agent or recruiter whom the employer engages in international recruitment of H-2B workers, either directly or indirectly, from seeking or receiving payments or other compensation from prospective workers. Because the Department estimates that 56 percent of employers (3,018) will utilize foreign agents and recruiters for 4,261 applications and that it takes the employer an average of 15 minutes to comply with this requirement, the third-party disclosure burden for this collection is 1065 reporting hours and 15 minutes. (4,261 filings x 0.25 hours = 1,065.25 hours).

B. Registration of H-2B Employers

1. *Form ETA-9155, H-2B Registration (20 CFR 655.11)*. Based on a future notice in the *Federal Register* announcing implementation of the registration process, the Department will require H-2B employers to submit the Form ETA-9155 in order to demonstrate that their need for the services or labor to be performed by the

nonimmigrant workers is bona fide and temporary in nature, prior to filing the Form ETA-9142B. Requests for registration that are approved will be valid for up to three consecutive years from the date of issuance. For purposes of the paperwork burden, the Department is estimating annual filings. We have approximately 5,388 unique employers who participate in the H-2B program each year. Therefore, we estimate receiving 5,388 *H-2B Registration* forms upon initial implementation of the registration process. We estimate that it will take one hour to complete and submit the Form ETA-9155 for a total burden of 5,388 reporting hours. (5,388 applications x 1 hour = 5,388 hours). The number of responses is a projected estimate based on the average submission of the Form ETA-9142 by employers over the last two fiscal years. After initial implementation, however, the Department anticipates a reduction in the annual burden, as the annual average of H-2B registrations submitted for processing should decrease as employers begin receiving H-2B registrations covering up to three years.

2. *Notice of Deficiency/Request for Further Information (RFI) for Form ETA-9155 Registration (20 CFR 655.11(g))*. The Department has the authority to issue an RFI to an H-2B employer where the *H-2B Registration* does not meet regulatory requirements, such as where the Form ETA-9155 is incomplete or inaccurate, the employer failed to demonstrate temporary need, and/or the job classification and duties do not appear to qualify as non-agricultural. It is estimated that an average of 2,711 RFIs will be issued each year and that it will take an hour to respond to each RFI, for a total burden of 2,711 reporting hours. (2,711 applications x 1 hour = 2,711 hours).

C. Employer-provided Surveys for Prevailing Wage Determinations

1. *Form ETA-9165 (20 CFR 655.10(f) and Department of Labor Appropriations Act, 2018 § 112)*. The Department requires all employers participating in the H-2B program to obtain a prevailing wage determination from NPWC. The burden calculation for this information collection is accounted for under OMB Control Number 1205-0508. Under this information collection, for employers seeking to use a prevailing wage survey, the Department allows the use of employer-provided surveys filed on Form ETA-9165 when the employer-provided surveys meet all of the required methodological standards. The Form ETA-9165 takes approximately 25 minutes to complete. Based on program experience, we estimate 278 applications will be filed annually. The total hourly burden for the filing of the Form ETA-9165 is 116 hours and 46 minutes reporting hours. (278 applications x 0.42 hours = 116.76 hours). For more information on employer-provided surveys, see Subsection I.1 of this section (A.12) below.

D. H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification

1. *Form ETA-9142B (20 CFR 655.15) H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification*. The Department requires completion of the Form ETA-9142B when an employer seeks a temporary labor certification to employ nonimmigrant workers

under the H-2B visa classification. The form takes approximately 45 minutes to complete. Based on program experience, we estimate 8,076 applications will be filed annually. The total hourly burden for the filing of the Form ETA-9142B is 6,057 reporting hours. (8,076 applications x 0.75 hour = 6,057 hours).

2. Appendix A of Form ETA-9142B (20 CFR 655.10 and 655.15) Additional Place(s) of Employment and Wage Information. The Department requires that when an employer submits a Form ETA-9142B requesting temporary labor certification, the employer must submit a completed *Appendix A* when workers will be expected to perform the services or labor in geographic locations other than the primary place of employment that is disclosed on the Form ETA-9142B. Based on program experience, we estimate 5,160 *Appendix A* forms will be filed annually and that it takes 25 minutes to complete the form. The total hourly burden for the filing of *Appendix A* is 2,115 reporting hours and 36 minutes. (5,160 appendices x 0.41 hours = 2,115.60 hours).
3. Appendix B of Form ETA-9142B (20 CFR 655.4(d)(1), 655.15, and 655.20) Attorney/Agent/Employer Declarations. The Department requires that an employer filing a Form ETA-9142B attach a signed and dated *Appendix B* that declares adherence to the terms and conditions of the job opportunity listed on the Form ETA-9142B. Based on program experience, we estimate 8,076 *Appendix B* forms will be filed annually and that it takes 15 minutes to complete the form. The total hourly burden for the filing of *Appendix B* is 2,019 reporting hours. (8,076 appendices x 0.25 hours = 2,019 hours).
4. Appendix C of Form ETA-9142B (20 CFR 655.9 and 655.15) Foreign Labor Recruiter Information. The Department requires employers, attorneys, or agents to provide a copy of all agreements with foreign labor contractors or recruiters who they engage or plan to engage in the international recruitment of H-2B workers and requires the completion of *Appendix C*. Based on the Department's observation that the majority of H-2B employers employ foreign agents and recruiters, the Department expects that 3,018 employers will have such agreements attached to their applications, for an estimate of 4,261 *Appendix C* forms filed annually. The Department also estimates that it takes 20 minutes to complete the appendix. The hourly burden for this collection is 1,406 reporting hours and 8 minutes. (4,261 appendices x 0.33 hours = 1,406.13 hours).
5. Appendix D of Form ETA-9142B (20 CFR 655.15 and 655.19) Employer-Client Information of Job Contractor. The Department requires that when an employer submits a Form ETA-9142B requesting temporary labor certification, the employer filing as a job contractor must submit a completed *Appendix D* to disclose its employer-client who will jointly employ the workers under the application. The Department estimates that it takes an employer 10 minutes to disclose job contractor(s) on *Appendix D*. Based on program experience, we estimate 36 appendices will be filed annually. The total hourly burden for the filing of *Appendix D* is 6 reporting hours and 7 minutes. (36 appendices x 0.17 hours = 6.12 hours).

6. Waiver of Filing Timeframes due to Emergency Situations (20 CFR 655.17). The Department permits an employer who, for good and substantial cause, is unable to meet the regulatory timeframes for filing the *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* to request a waiver of such timeframes by submitting a letter of explanation along with the completed application. The Department estimates that it takes an employer 30 minutes to compose, print, and send such a written request. The Department anticipates receiving 111 such requests for a total burden of 55 reporting hours and 30 minutes. (111 requests x 0.50 hours = 55.50 hours).
7. Submission of a Modified Application or Job Order (20 CFR 655.32). The Department permits employers to modify and resubmit their applications and/or job orders, as appropriate, according to the insufficiencies listed in the NOD. We estimate that one third of applications received each year will require modification. Based on program data under the current regulatory model, we estimate it takes one hour to respond to a NOD for a total burden of 2,692 reporting hours. (2,692 applications x 1 hour = 2,692 hours).
8. Amending the Application or Job Order (20 CFR 655.35). The Department permits employers to amend their applications and/or job orders at any time before the Department makes a final determination to grant or deny the application. The Department anticipates receiving 522 such amendments and that it takes an employer 30 minutes on average to prepare and file an amendment for a total burden of 261 reporting hours. (522 amendments x 0.50 hours = 261 hours).

E. Recruitment of U.S. Workers

Recruitment activities, including advertising for U.S. workers and/or placing job orders, is a usual and customary activity for employers. Therefore, under the regulations of the OMB at 5 CFR 1320.3(b)(2), the resources expended by employers to comply with the recruitment provisions at 20 CFR 655.16 and 20 CFR 655.42 are excluded in compiling the paperwork burden estimates. In addition, employers are already required to maintain personnel or employment records related to hiring under statutes such as the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA). For example, 29 CFR 1627.3(b)(1), which was promulgated pursuant to the ADEA, requires employers to maintain records including, but not limited to, the following:

- “Job applications, resumes, or any other form of employment inquiry whenever submitted to the employer in response to [the employer’s] advertisement or other notice of existing or anticipated job openings, including records pertaining to the failure or refusal to hire any individual.”
- “Promotion, demotion, transfer, selection for training, layoff, recall, or discharge of any employee.”
- “Job orders submitted by the employer to an employment agency or labor organization for recruitment of personnel for job openings.”

- “Any advertisements or notices to the public or to employees relating to job openings, promotions, training programs, or opportunities for overtime work.”
1. Job Order (20 CFR 655.18). The Department’s requirement that the employers’ job orders meet the standards set forth in 20 CFR 655.18 is subject to the PRA burden calculations. The Department estimates that it takes employers one hour to complete the SWA job order and ensure that it includes all of the required information and disclosures in compliance with 20 CFR 655.18. The total burden is 8,076 reporting hours. (8,076 job orders x 1 hour = 8,076 hours). The time required to modify a particular job order in accordance with a request from the Department is accounted for under *Submission of a modified application or job order (20 CFR 655.32)* above.
 2. Contacting Former Employees (20 CFR 655.43). The Department requires employers to contact their former U.S. workers in the same occupation and place of employment during the previous year, including those who were laid off within 120 calendar days of the employer’s date of need, unless they were dismissed for cause or abandoned the worksite prior to the completion of the last work period. The regulations require that employers contact these employees by mail or other effective means, disclose the terms of the job order, and solicit their return to the job. The Department estimates it takes employers one hour per application filed with the Department to contact former employees for a total burden of 8,076 third-party disclosure hours. (8,076 third-party contacts x 1 hour = 8,076 hours).
 3. Contacting Union/Bargaining Representatives and Other Contact Requirements (20 CFR 655.45). Where the occupation or industry is customarily unionized or where any of the employer’s employees in the same occupation and area of intended employment have a bargaining representative, the regulations require the employer to contact the local union in writing to inquire about the availability of qualified U.S. workers. The Department does not collect data on this requirement as it pertains to H-2B employers, specifically. However, the Department’s BLS does analyze union membership across all industries and found that the union membership rate for 2017 was 11 percent (when rounded to the nearest whole number).³ Therefore, for the purposes of the PRA, the Department estimates that the H-2B program will have similar union participation and that 11 percent of all employers in the H-2B program (11% of 5388 = 592.68 or 593) will be obligated to make such contact. The Department estimates employers will take 15 minutes per application to contact the local union. Because some employers will file more than one application, the Department estimates this requirement will affect 794 applications filed with the Department (593 employers x 1.339 filing frequency rate = 794.027 or 794). The total third-party disclosure burden is thus 198 hours and 30 minutes. (794 contacts x 0.25 hours = 198.50 hours).

³ More information on union membership in the United States in 2017 is available here: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/union2.pdf>.

4. Notice of Posting Requirement (20 CFR 655.45(b)). Where there is no bargaining representative of the employer's employees, the employer must post the availability of the job opportunity in at least two conspicuous locations at the place of anticipated employment or in some other manner for 15 consecutive business days, in order to provide reasonable notification to all employees in the job classification and area in which the work will be performed by the H-2B workers. Based on the BLS statistics used above under *Contacting union/bargaining representatives and other contact requirements (20 CFR 655.45)*, the Department is assuming that 89 percent of employers using the H-2B program (89% of 5,388 = 4,795.32 or 4,795) do not have employees with bargaining representatives and will be required to comply with the posting requirement. The Department estimates employers will take 30 minutes per application to prepare and post the notice. Because some employers will file more than one application, the Department estimates the posting requirement will affect 6,421 applications (4,795 employers x 1.339 filing frequency rate = 6,420.505 or 6,421). The total third-party disclosure burden is thus 3,210 hours and 30 minutes. (6,421 applications x 0.50 hours = 3,210.50 hours).
5. Additional Employer-conducted Recruitment (20 CFR 655.45(c) and 655.46). The Department, at its discretion, can require employers to conduct additional recruitment. We assume that 35 percent of the 8,076 average annual applications, or 2,827 applications, will be required to undergo this additional recruitment. If the additional employer-conducted recruitment consists of placing an additional newspaper advertisement, we estimate that it takes an employer approximately 15 minutes to comply with this requirement for a total third-party disclosure burden of 706 hours and 45 minutes. (2,827 applications x 0.25 hours = 706.75 hours).
6. Proof of Additional Recruitment (20 CFR 655.46(c)). The records required to be kept by the employer to demonstrate compliance with the advertising requirements under the regulations must also be retained by employers under Equal Employment Opportunity Commission regulations at (1) 29 CFR 1602.14 (OMB Control Number 3046-0040), promulgated pursuant to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, and the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act; and (2) 29 CFR 1627.3(b) (OMB Control Number 3046-0018), promulgated pursuant to the ADEA. Therefore, the burden to maintain such records can be excluded in compiling the paperwork burden under DOL's H-2B regulations. For example, 29 CFR 1602.14 already requires the employer to keep "(a)ny personnel or employment record made or kept by an employer (including but not necessarily limited to requests for reasonable accommodation, application forms submitted by applicants and other records having to do with hiring, promotion, demotion, transfer, lay-off or termination, rates of pay or other terms of compensation, and selection for training or apprenticeship) . . . for a period of one year from the date of the making of the record or the personnel action involved, whichever occurs later."
7. SWAs' Postings, Distribution, and Referrals (20 CFR 655.16(d), 655.33(b)(3)-(4)). The Department requires SWAs to post the employer's approved job orders, distribute the job orders to other SWAs, where applicable, and refer applicants to the

employer. These functions are exempt from the paperwork burden calculations under 5 CFR 1320.3(b)(2), because they are normal functions of SWAs and do not increase this burden.

8. Electronic Job Registry (20 CFR 655.34). The Department posts an employer's approved job order on the Department's Electronic Job Registry, which serves as a public repository for H-2B job orders for the duration of the referral period and serves to improve the visibility of H-2B jobs to U.S. workers. This third-party disclosure is performed by the Department and therefore is not included in the calculation of the public burden.
9. Recruitment Report (20 CFR 655.48). The time needed to prepare the recruitment report in 20 CFR 655.48 of the regulations is not excludable in estimating the burden. Under this provision, employers must prepare, sign, and retain a written summary report describing the steps undertaken to recruit U.S. workers and the results achieved, including the number of hires and, if applicable, the number of U.S. workers not hired and the lawful job-related reason(s) for not hiring those workers. The employer is required to provide a report of its recruitment efforts to the Department prior to certification and must continue to accept U.S. worker referrals until 21 days before the date of need stated on the H-2B application. *See* 20 CFR 655.40(c), 655.51. Additionally, under the audit process described in 20 CFR 655.70, the Department may request the employer submit the final recruitment report contained in the employer's files along with the resumes or applications of U.S. workers that were rejected, organized by the reasons they were rejected. Based on the number of H-2B certifications issued, the Department estimates that employers will prepare approximately 6,950.52 or 6,951 reports. The Department estimates that it takes employers one hour to prepare a recruitment report for a total burden of 6,951 hours. (6,951 reports x 1 hour = 6,951 hours).

F. Worker Rights

1. Provide Copy of Job Order to Workers (20 CFR 655.20(l) and 29 CFR 503.16(l)). The Department requires employers to provide a copy of the job order to both H-2B workers and U.S. workers in corresponding employment. The Department has no available means of calculating the number of U.S. workers in corresponding employment. However, the Department does not always approve the total number of H-2B workers requested by the employer, because it may find, for example, that the employer failed to hire qualified U.S. workers. Therefore, the Department will assume for the estimate that the number of requested workers equals the total number of H-2B and corresponding U.S. workers hired (154,248). The Department estimates that it takes employers an average of five minutes to provide each worker with a copy of the job order for a burden of 12,339 hours and 50 minutes. (154,248 workers x .08 hours = 12,339.84 hours). In addition, the Department estimates that 4,579 employers will need to translate job orders for workers and that each job order will be translated once on average. The Department expects these employers to file more than one job order, for a translation frequency rate of 1.4999, and that a typical

translation takes one hour to complete. The total burden for translation of the job order is thus 6,864 hours. (4,579 employers x 1.499 translation frequency x 1 hour = 6,863.92 or 6,864 hours).

2. *Post Notice of Worker Rights (20 CFR 655.20(m) and 29 CFR 503.16(m))*. The regulations require employers to post and maintain in a conspicuous location at the place of employment a poster provided by the Department that sets out the rights and protections for H-2B workers and workers in corresponding employment. However, this burden is exempt from the PRA under 5 CFR 1320.3(c)(2).
3. *SWA Informs Applicants of Requirements (20 CFR 655.47)*. The regulations require SWAs to only refer individuals who have been apprised of all the material terms and conditions of employment and who have indicated, by accepting referral to the job opportunity, that they are qualified and will be available for employment. Because this requirement would be specific to the H-2B program and calls for SWAs to go beyond their normal functions, it is therefore not exempt under 5 CFR 1320.3(b)(2). The Department tracks the number of partial certifications it issues due to the availability of qualified U.S. workers, and estimates that 20,000 workers are referred by the 55 SWAs, which includes the 50 states and the five U.S. territories.⁴ The Department estimates it takes SWAs an average of five minutes to explain the job requirements to each worker for a total burden of 1,600 third-party disclosure hours. (20,000 workers x 0.08 hours = 1,600 hours).

G. Retention Requirements

1. *Retention of Documents (20 CFR 655.10(j), 655.11(i), and 655.56)*. The Department requires employers who file an *H-2B Registration* (Form ETA-9155) and *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification* (Form ETA-9142 and all appendices), and all supporting documentation to retain all such documents and records not otherwise submitted proving compliance with 20 CFR 655.10(j), 20 CFR 655.11(i), and 655.56. The Department estimates that employers will spend about 15 minutes per year per application to retain the Form ETA-9142B and supporting documentation, and about 10 minutes per year per application to retain the Form ETA-9155 and supporting documentation, in the two years following the mandated year of required retention for companies subject to Title VII and during the three years already mandated for all other employers. This results in an annual burden of 2,019 hours for the Form ETA-9142B and its accompanying documents (8,076 applications x 0.25 hours = 2,019 hours) and 915 hours and 58 minutes for the Form ETA-9155 and its supporting documents (5,388 applications x 0.17 hours = 915.96 hours).
2. *Exception to Corresponding Employment (20 CFR 655.5 and 655.56(c)(13))*. The Department's regulations require an employer to retain collective bargaining

⁴ The 55 SWAs include the 50 states and five U.S. territories of the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

agreements, individual employment contracts, and payroll records in order to substantiate any claim that certain incumbent workers are not included in corresponding employment. The Department estimates that there is no burden associated with the retention of collective bargaining agreements or individual employment contracts, as employers maintain these records during their normal course of business. *See* 5 CFR 1320.3(b)(2). The Department also estimates that a significant majority of H-2B employers are subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), which requires the retention of payroll records that can be used to demonstrate that an incumbent worker meets the requirements to be excluded from corresponding employment. There is a negligible number of H-2B employers for whom this requirement imposes new recordkeeping burdens, either because they are not subject to the FLSA, or they do not keep these records in the ordinary course of business, but this burden will not significantly impact the overall annual burden hours for the H-2B program information collection.

The Department estimates 198 certified H-2B employers are not subject to the FLSA, of which we estimate that two percent, or four employers, do not maintain payroll records in the ordinary course of business. For each of these H-2B employers, the Department estimates that there are four incumbent workers needing payroll records to demonstrate the minimum requirements for the corresponding worker exclusion. The Department estimates that it takes one and a half hours to create payroll records for each employee, for a total burden of 24 recordkeeping hours. (4 employers x 4 workers x 1.50 hours = 24 hours).

The Department also estimates that all 198 certified H-2B employers need to record the job duties for the four incumbent workers we estimate that employers seek to exclude from the definition of corresponding employment. We estimate that it takes an employer an average of 10 minutes to record the job duties for each incumbent worker for a total burden of 134 hours and 38 minutes. (198 employers x 4 workers x 0.17 hours = 134.64 hours). If all incumbent worker job categories are the same, this burden will be less, but the Department has no way at this time of estimating how many job categories will be the same.

H. Post-certification Requirements

1. *Notification of Abandonment or Termination (20 CFR 655.20(y) and 29 CFR 503.16(y))*. The regulations require employers to notify the Department when any of their H-2B workers voluntarily abandon the job or are terminated before the certified end date of employment. The Department estimates it takes employers an average of 10 minutes to write an email to the Department to meet this requirement. The Department receives approximately 2,500 such emails each year for a total burden of 425 reporting hours. (2,500 notifications x 0.17 hours = 425 hours).
2. *Redeterminations (20 CFR 655.57)*. The regulations permit an employer to request a new temporary labor certification determination from the Department if U.S. workers recruited as a result of the labor market test become unavailable on or after 21

calendar days before the date of need. The Department estimates it takes an employer 30 minutes to contact the Department with its request. The Department estimates that it will receive approximately 11 such requests each year for a total reporting burden of 5 hours and 30 minutes. (11 requests x 0.50 hours = 5.50 hours).

3. *Extension of the Certified Period of Employment (20 CFR 655.60)*. The regulations permit employers, under certain circumstances involving weather conditions or other factors beyond the control of the employer, to request in writing an extension of the certified period of employment. The Department estimates that it will receive approximately 326 such requests each year. The Department also estimates that it takes the employer 30 minutes to comply with this requirement for a total burden of 163 reporting hours. (326 notices x 0.50 hours = 163 hours).
4. *Administrative Appeals (20 CFR 655.61)*. The regulations permit an employer whose certification is denied to request administrative review of the decision by the Board of Alien Labor Certification Appeals. To do so, an employer must submit a written request for review within 10 business days from the date of determination. The Department estimates that it will receive approximately 75 such requests each year. The Department also estimates that it takes the employer one hour to comply with this requirement for a total burden of 75 reporting hours. (75 notices x 1 hour = 75 hours).
5. *Request for Withdrawal (20 CFR 655.62)*. The regulations permit employers to request withdrawal of an application after it has been accepted for processing, but before it is adjudicated. The Department estimates that it will receive approximately 850 such requests each year. The Department also estimates that it takes the employer 10 minutes to comply with this requirement for a total burden of 144 reporting hours and 30 minutes. (850 notices x 0.17 hours = 144.50 hours).
6. *Seafood Industry Staggered Entry Provision (20 CFR 655.15(f))*. If an employer in the seafood industry wants to stagger the entry of its H-2B workers, it must prepare the addendum to the Form ETA-9142B, *Seafood Industry Attestation*, and in some cases conduct the “fresh” recruitment as required under the statute. OFLC does not collect or retain this certification. Employers must sign and date it and then supply it to the H-2B workers together with other documentation required for admission, and the workers must have it available to show to the State Department Consular Officer and/or DHS’s Customs and Border Protection Officers at the border upon request. The employer must also retain a copy of this form in its records. The Department estimates that this change will affect approximately 152 H-2B employers who would be eligible to use the *Seafood Industry Attestation*. It takes them 15 minutes to print out, read, and sign the *Seafood Industry Attestation* for a total of 38 third-party disclosure hours. (152 employers x 0.25 hours = 38 hours).

Each year the seafood industry brings in approximately 4,750 H-2B workers. Under 20 CFR 655.15(f)(3)(2), those who come after the first date of need will need to have the *Seafood Industry Attestation* when they enter the United States. The Department accordingly estimates that 60 percent of H-2B seafood employees are likely to need

the Attestation, for a total of 2,850 such workers, and that it takes their respective employers 10 minutes per employee to ensure that each employee receives the Attestation, for a total third-party disclosure burden of 484 hours and 30 minutes. (2,850 H-2B seafood workers x 0.17 hours = 484.50 hours).

The Department estimates that 38 eligible employers are likely to utilize the 90 to 120 day arrival provisions of the law, which will require that additional recruitment steps be taken to recruit U.S. workers. The Department estimates that it takes employers one hour to write and place the advertisements and job order and an average of one hour per employer to interview applicants for a total of 76 third-party disclosure hours. (38 employers x 2 hours = 76 hours).

The Department estimates it takes two minutes for a seafood worker to present, upon request, the Attestation to a State Department Consular Officer and/or a DHS Customs and Border Protection Officer at the border. This results in a burden of 85 hours and 30 minutes. (2,850 H-2B seafood workers x 0.03 hours = 85.50 hours).

I. Use of Employer-provided Wage Survey

1. Employer-provided Wage Surveys (20 CFR 655.10(f) and Department of Labor Appropriations Act, 2018 § 112). An employer may choose to submit a survey to establish the prevailing wage for an occupation in the area of intended employment. An employer who submits an employer-provided survey attests that the survey meets the requirements in 20 CFR 655.10(f) as modified by Section 112 of the Department of Labor Appropriations Act 2018. The attestation is made on Form ETA-9165. Any employer submitting a wage survey must report on Form ETA-9165 specific information about the survey methodology, including such items as sample size and source, sample selection procedures, and survey job descriptions, to allow a determination of the adequacy of the data provided and validity of the statistical methodology used in conducting the survey.

As mentioned above in Subsection C.1 of this section (A.12), the Department expects to receive approximately 278 employer-provided surveys each year and that it will take respondents an average of 25 minutes to complete the Form ETA-9165 with the survey information for a total burden of 116 hours and 46 minutes. (278 employer-provided surveys x 0.42 hours = 116.76 hours).

2. Submission of Supplemental Information by Employer (20 CFR 655.10(g) and 655.13). Employer-provided surveys are filed with NPWC. If NPWC informs the employer its survey is not acceptable, the employer may submit supplemental information to NPWC by requesting review under 20 CFR 655.13. The burden for this section of the regulation is already accounted for in the Information Collection for the Prevailing Wage Determination Form ETA-9141 (OMB Control Number 1205-0508).

3. Appeals (20 CFR 655.13). An employer who does not agree with a prevailing wage determination may apply for a new wage determination, appeal under 20 CFR 655.13, or acquiesce to the initial prevailing wage determination. The burden calculations for applying for a wage determination and appealing under 20 CFR 655.13 are already accounted for in the Information Collection for the Prevailing Wage Determination Form ETA-9141 (OMB Control Number 1205-0508).
4. Retention of Documentation (20 CFR 655.10(j)). The employer must retain the prevailing wage determination for 3 years from the date of issuance or the date of a final determination on the *H-2B Application for Temporary Employment Certification*, whichever is later. The burden calculation for the retention requirement is already accounted for in the Information Collection for the Prevailing Wage Determination Form ETA-9141 (OMB Control Number 1205-0508). The employer is not required to retain the survey or the Form ETA-9165.

J. Integrity measures

1. Audit, Revocation, and Debarment (20 CFR 655.70, 655.72, and 655.73). The regulations authorize the Department at its discretion to audit applications to ensure program integrity. Based on the results of these audits or other information, the Department may revoke a certified application and/or place an employer, agent, or attorney in debarment proceedings. These processes require employers to respond to notices sent by the Department. However, such responses are exempt from the paperwork burden under 5 CFR 1320.3(h)(6), (9) and 1320.4(a)(2).
2. Certifying Officer (CO)-ordered Assisted Recruitment (20 CFR 655.71). In cases where the employer violated the terms of the program and the Department determines that the violation does not warrant debarment, the CO may require the employer to undergo supervised recruitment for a defined period of time for any future *Application for Temporary Employment Certification*. Based on its program experience, the Department estimates that employers will be required to undergo assisted recruitment in approximately one half of one percent (0.5%) of applications, for a total of 40.38 or 40 applications. The time required to conduct recruitment is already accounted for in the recruitment burden calculation in Subsection E, above. The Department estimates that an employer engaged in assisted recruitment will spend an additional hour on recruitment activities, resulting in a total of 40 reporting hours. (40 assisted recruitment applications x 1 hour = 40 hours).
3. Cooperation with Investigators (29 CFR 503.16(bb)). WHD is authorized to investigate employer compliance with 20 CFR 655, Subpart A and other applicable law. 29 CFR 503.16 requires employers to cooperate and comply with requests made by WHD investigators as part of this process. However, such responses are exempt from the paperwork burden under 5 CFR 1320.3(h)(9) and 1320.4(a)(2).
4. Request for Hearing by an Administrative Law Judge (29 CFR 503.43). The regulations permit an employer found by WHD to be in violation of the regulations to

request in writing review of the decision by the Administrative Law Judge of the Department. The Department estimates that it will receive approximately 45 such requests each year. The Department also estimates that it takes the employer two hours to comply with this requirement for a total burden of 90 reporting hours. (45 notices x 2 hours = 90 hours).

5. *Request for Review by the Administrative Review Board (29 CFR 503.51)*. The regulations permit an employer who disagrees with the findings of the Administrative Law Judge to petition in writing for review of the decision by the Administrative Review Board of the Department. The Department estimates that it will receive approximately one such request each year. The Department also estimates that it takes the employer 30 minutes to comply with this requirement for a total burden of 30 minutes or 0.50 reporting hours. (1 notice x 0.50 hours = 0.50 hours).

Total Annual Burden Hours for the H-2B Information Collection (OMB Control Number 1205-0509):

Total Burden Hours	80,201
Total Responses	286,978
Total Respondents	85,057

II. Total Hourly Cost Estimates

The Department receives applications requesting temporary labor certification under the H-2B program from employers operating across a wide spectrum of industry sectors in the U.S. economy. Salaries for employers and/or their employees who perform the reporting and recordkeeping functions required by this regulation may range from several hundred dollars to several hundred thousand dollars, where the corporate executive office of a large company performs some or all of these functions themselves. However, the Department believes that in most companies, a Human Resources manager will perform these activities. Thus, to calculate the full cost to the employer, we need to combine the mean hourly wage of human resource managers with the benefits and other compensation received by such employees. The national mean hourly wage for a human resource manager (SOC code 11-3121) is \$59.38.⁵ The average percentage of benefits in total is 31.7 percent,⁶ giving a markup of the wage to the total compensation of \$1.46 (1/1-0.317). The total compensation is therefore \$86.69 (\$59.38 x \$1.46) for a Human Resources manager. The Department estimates that a Human Resources manager will take time to complete and retain the forms and supporting documentation in the amount of 73,337.09⁷ hours.

⁵ *Occupational Employment and Wages, May 2017: 11-3121 Human Resources Managers*, DOL, BLS, <https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes113121.htm>.

⁶ *Employer Costs for Employee Compensation – December 2017*, DOL, BLS (Mar. 20, 2018, 10:00 AM), <https://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/ecec.pdf>.

⁷ Total estimate number is rounded to two decimal places. The translation of the job order is estimated to be \$100 per job order, which is excluded from the Human Resources manager estimate.

Table of Estimated Burdens⁸

Information Collection Activity	Number of Respondents	Frequency ⁹	Total Annual Responses ¹⁰	Time Per Response (in hours)	Total Annual Burden (in hours)	Hourly Rate	Annual Cost (in dollars)
H-2B Agents	548	13.004	7,126	0.50	3,563.00	\$86.69	\$308,876.47
MSPA Certificate of Registration	13	1.000	13	0.08	1.04	\$86.69	\$90.16
Inform of Fee Prohibitions	3,018	1.412	4,261	0.25	1,065.25	\$86.69	\$92,346.52
Form ETA-9155	5,388	1.000	5,388	1.00	5,388.00	\$86.69	\$467,085.72
NOD for Form ETA-9155	2,711	1.000	2,711	1.00	2,711.00	\$86.69	\$235,016.59
Form ETA-9165	278	1.000	278	0.42	116.76	\$86.69	\$10,121.92
Form ETA-9142B	5,388	1.499	8,076	0.75	6,057.00	\$86.69	\$525,081.33
Form ETA-9142B Appendix A	3,712	1.390	5,160	0.41	2,115.60	\$86.69	\$183,401.36
Form ETA-9142B Appendix B	5,388	1.499	8,076	0.25	2,019.00	\$86.69	\$175,027.11
Form ETA-9142B Appendix C	3,018	1.412	4,261	0.33	1,406.13	\$86.69	\$121,897.41
Form ETA-9142B Appendix D	36	1.000	36	0.17	6.12	\$86.69	\$530.54
Waiver for Emergency Situations	111	1.000	111	0.50	55.50	\$86.69	\$4,811.30
Modify Application/Job Order	2,692	1.000	2,692	1.00	2,692.00	\$86.69	\$233,369.48
Amend Application/Job Order	522	1.000	522	0.50	261.00	\$86.69	\$22,626.09
Job Order	5,388	1.499	8,076	1.00	8,076.00	\$86.69	\$700,108.44
Contact Former Employees	5,388	1.499	8,076	1.00	8,076.00	\$86.69	\$700,108.44
Contact Bargaining Representative	593	1.339	794	0.25	198.50	\$86.69	\$17,207.97
Notice of Posting Requirement	4,795	1.339	6,421	0.50	3,210.50	\$86.69	\$278,318.25
Additional Employer Recruitment	2,827	1.000	2,827	0.25	706.75	\$86.69	\$61,268.16
Recruitment Report	5,388	1.290	6,951	1.00	6,951.00	\$86.69	\$602,582.19
Provide Workers With Job Order	5,203	29.646	154,248	0.08	12,339.84	\$86.69	\$1,069,740.73
Translate Application/Job Order	4,579	1.499	6,864	1.00	6,864.00	\$100.00	\$686,400.00

⁸ For the burden estimates, the Department has used H-2B program data averages for Fiscal Years 2016 and 2017 to the extent possible, unless otherwise indicated.

⁹ The Department has derived the frequency by dividing the H-2B fiscal year data for “Total Annual Responses” by the “Number of Respondents.” The frequency is displayed with three decimal places to retain the value of the calculation to the extent possible.

¹⁰ The figures provided for the total annual responses are rounded to the nearest whole number.

Information Collection Activity	Number of Respondents	Frequency ⁹	Total Annual Responses ¹⁰	Time Per Response (in hours)	Total Annual Burden (in hours)	Hourly Rate	Annual Cost (in dollars)
SWA Informs Applicants of Job Requirements	55	363.636	20,000	0.08	1,600.00	\$86.69	\$138,704.00
Retention of 9142B Documents	5,388	1.499	8,076	0.25	2,019.00	\$86.69	\$175,027.11
Retention of 9155 Documents	5,388	1.000	5,388	0.17	915.96	\$86.69	\$79,404.57
H-2B Employers not Maintaining Payroll Records	4	4.000	16	1.50	24.00	\$86.69	\$2,080.56
Job Duties for Incumbent Workers	198	4.000	792	0.17	134.64	\$86.69	\$11,671.94
Notice of Abandonment or Termination	2,500	1.000	2,500	0.17	425.00	\$86.69	\$36,843.25
Redetermination Request	11	1.000	11	0.50	5.50	\$86.69	\$476.80
Extend Period of Certified Work	326	1.000	326	0.50	163.00	\$86.69	\$14,130.47
Administrative Appeals	75	1.000	75	1.00	75.00	\$86.69	\$6,501.75
Withdrawal Request	850	1.000	850	0.17	144.50	\$86.69	\$12,526.71
Seafood Staggered Entry Provision	152	1.000	152	0.25	38.00	\$86.69	\$3,294.22
Seafood Attestation	152	18.750	2,850	0.17	484.50	\$86.69	\$42,001.31
Seafood 90-120 Day Entry Provision	38	1.000	38	2.00	76.00	\$86.69	\$6,588.44
Seafood Workers Present Attestation to a State Consular Office	2,850	1.000	2,850	0.03	85.50	\$86.69	\$7,412.00
CO-ordered assisted Recruitment	40	1.000	40	1.00	40.00	\$86.69	\$3,467.60
Request for ALJ Hearing	45	1.000	45	2.00	90.00	\$86.69	\$7,802.10
Request for ARB Review	1	1.000	1	0.50	0.50	\$86.69	\$43.35
GRAND TOTALS	85,057	N/A	286,978	N/A	80,201.09	N/A	\$7,043,992.36

A.13. Estimates of Annualized Costs to Respondents

1. *Start-up/Capital Costs:* There are no start-up costs. There is no obligation to own a computer to participate in the program. Anyone without computer access can request the form from OFLC. To participate in the program the employer is required to generate records and retain them. The only necessary supplies needed to store and maintain the records are filing cabinets and filing folders; however, employers have the option of maintaining records in an electronic format. The Department estimates that the initial cost to employers is minimal because it is a customary and usual business practice for businesses to have storage space, whether physical or electronic.

2. *Annual Costs*: There are no annual costs involved with operation and maintenance because ETA will be responsible for the annual maintenance costs for the free downloadable forms and the web-based data collection and reporting system.

However, there are several provisions that require employers to expend funds beyond their normal and usual business expenses. Specifically, employers will be required to run additional advertisements in some cases if they are utilizing the seafood industry’s staggered border crossing provisions. Also, all employers who use foreign workers who do not speak English will be required to translate their job orders. These expenses are estimated to cost employers \$705,400 each year as described below. (\$19,000 additional seafood industry recruitment + \$686,400 translation costs = \$705,400).

Additional recruitment for seafood industry: The Department estimates that 38 employers will be required to place additional recruitment. The Department estimates that the cost of the advertisements for two Sundays over all geographic locations will average \$500 for a total annual burden of \$19,000. (38 employers x \$500 = \$19,000).

Translation costs: The Department estimates that for translation of the job order 4,579 employers will pay an average of \$100 for an estimated annual cost of \$686,400. (4,579 employers x 1.499 translation frequency = 6,863.92 or 6,864 job orders; 6,864 job orders x \$100 = \$686,400).

A.14. Estimates of Annualized Costs to Federal Government

The Department estimates that the annual costs to administer the H-2B program amount to \$19,396,777. This total is comprised of \$16,332,591 in federal administration costs and \$3,064,186 in state-level costs funded by federal grants.

Federal administrative costs include salaries and expenses for the staff who process H-2B applications; IT systems that support application-filing and case-processing operations; rent; supplies; equipment; and agency indirect costs, which include support for human resources, financial and administrative oversight, and grants and contracts management. Estimated annual costs for the federal administration of the H-2B program are \$16,332,591. This estimate is based on recurring annual costs administering the program in recent fiscal years and does not include costs associated with funding appropriated on a one-time occurrence basis. Based on past obligations and expenditures, the table below provides a detailed breakdown of the annualized costs associated with federal administration of the H-2B program by major cost category.

Major Cost Category	Cost Activities	Annualized Costs (estimated)
Federal Salaries & Benefits	<u>Chicago National Processing Center</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ GS-12/13 staff processing applications and job orders ▪ GS-14/15 operations management ▪ Other federal administrative support <u>OFLC Headquarters</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Management support, policy development, and stakeholder 	\$7,110,339

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> training ▪ Budget, contract procurements, and grants management 	
Contracts for Services <i>(not technology related)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mail, data entry, and other clerical support services ▪ Case processing and administrative support for operations 	\$4,201,210
Technology Contracts for Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Application development services & network infrastructure support ▪ Hardware & software updates 	\$1,213,613
General Services Administration & DHS Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Rent payments for office space ▪ Security clearance services 	\$874,465
DOL Working Capital Assessment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Indirect costs associated with ETA and DOL administrative and executive management services 	\$2,680,886
Supplies & Equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ General office supplies ▪ Computers, printers, and other office related equipment 	\$60,660
Mail & Telecommunications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mail or overnight delivery services ▪ Phone and other telecommunication related charges 	\$76,332
Other Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Travel ▪ Printing and other Government Agency Services 	\$115,086
TOTAL COSTS - FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION		\$16,332,591

The Department also provides annual grants to SWAs in 55 states and U.S. territories for required employment-based immigration activities in support of the foreign labor certification program. Estimated annual costs for the H-2B portion of these activities are \$3,064,186 and are supported by Federal funds appropriated into the State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Service Operations Account. State-level H-2B activities include, but are not limited to, reviewing and placing job orders to recruit U.S. workers and processing required notifications for amendments to job orders received from employers and the Department. SWAs submit annual work plans to OFLC to establish continued eligibility for these grants, in accordance with the requirements of their foreign labor certification grant agreements. These work plans describe the specific activities and workload expectations of each SWA during the upcoming year.

The hourly rate used to calculate cost is the average hourly rate for an employee in the Federal service (based on 2017 GS locality pay schedules for Chicago, Illinois and the Washington-Baltimore-Arlington, DC-MD-VA-WV-PA area). See relevant GS Scales:

Chicago-Naperville, IL-IN-WI- https://www.opm.gov/policy-data-oversight/pay-leave/salaries-wages/salary-tables/pdf/2017/CHI_h.pdf

Washington-Baltimore-Arlington, DC-MD-VA-WV-PA- www.opm.gov/policy-data-oversight/pay-leave/salaries-wages/salary-tables/pdf/2017/DCB_h.pdf

*Bureau of Labor Statistics in O*Net Online - Job title: Compensation, Benefits, and Job Analysis Specialists <http://www.onetonline.org/link/summary/13-1141.00>

The average Federal Government cost for a year of operation is estimated on an hourly basis multiplied by an index of 1.74 to account for employee benefits and proportional operating costs,

otherwise known as Fully Loaded Full Time Equivalent (FLFTE). The index is derived by Departmental analysis of current personnel and overhead cost data.

A.15. Changes in Burden

The chart below shows the burden changes for OMB Control Number 1205-0509.

OMB Control Number 1205-0509	Previous Estimated Burden Hours	New Estimated Burden Hours	Change in Burden
Form ETA-9142B and appendices	1 hour and 30 minutes* *The previous 9142B burden estimate (current form estimate) included requirements for filers to provide Appendix B, and attachments to the 9142B for disclosure of additional worksite locations, foreign labor recruiter details, and job contractor employer end-client information.	2 hour and 10 minutes** 9142B: 45 minutes Appendix A: 25 minutes Appendix B: 15 minutes Appendix C: 20 minutes Appendix D: 10 minutes Recordkeeping: 15 minutes **The new burden estimate includes the revised 9142B and revised Appendix B with new appendices A, C, and D which provide standardized formats for filers to disclose additional worksite locations and wage information (Appendix A), foreign labor recruiter details (Appendix C), and job contractor employer end-client information (Appendix D). The estimated burden increase includes added time for filers to comply with the disclosure requirements using the standardized appendices, instead of attachments with varying formats. The burden estimate also includes 15 minutes for filers to comply with recordkeeping requirements.	+40 minutes
Form ETA-9142B, <u>Seafood Industry Attestation</u>	10 minutes	10 minutes	N/A
Form ETA-9155, <u>H-2B Registration</u>	1 hour	1 hour	N/A
Form ETA-9165, <u>Employer-Provided Survey Attestation</u>	25 minutes (OMB Control Number 1205-0516)	25 minutes	N/A

Under this consolidated ICR, OMB Control 1205-0509, the Department estimates the total burden for the ICR and its components to be 3 hours and 45 minutes. This estimated burden for the consolidated ICR includes the existing burden for OMB Control Number 1205-0516.

The changes in burden include changes to the Form ETA-9142B, *Application for Temporary Employment Certification* to improve the collection and reduce duplicative information and changes to the Form ETA-9142B Appendix B, *Employer Assurances and Obligations* to clarify employer assurances and obligations as a condition of receiving temporary labor certification. Also included are the addition of the following Form ETA-9142B appendices to standardize the collection of existing H-2B collection requirements: Appendix A: *Additional Worksite and Wage Information*, which will require employers to disclose on a single application multiple worksites and wage offers within an area of intended employment; Appendix C: *Foreign Labor Recruiter Information*, which will require employers to identify the name(s) and location(s) of all persons or agents involved in recruiting H-2B workers for the applicable job opportunity; and Appendix D: *Employer-Client Information*, which will require employers operating as job contractors to disclose the name and contact information of their employer-client(s).

The Department also proposes to eliminate the issuance of “paper-based” labor certification documents by creating a single-page Form ETA-9142B, *Labor Certification Determination* that will be issued to employers via electronic mail. The Department will issue this document to employers granted temporary labor certification under the H-2B program.

The Department requests approval without change for the Form ETA-9142B, *Seafood Industry Attestation* and Form ETA-9155, *H-2B Registration*. The Department proposes to consolidate into this ICR, OMB Control Number 1205-0516, for the Form ETA-9165, *Employer-Provided Survey Attestations to Accompany H-2B Prevailing Wage Determination Request Based on a Non-OES Survey* and its general instructions, with minor revisions to clarify program requirements.

A.16. Publication of Results

OFCLC discloses information about employer applicants to the public through its website at <https://www.foreignlaborcert.doleta.gov>. For the H-2B program and except for Federal Employer Identification Numbers, information contained on employer applications for temporary labor certification (Form ETA-9142B) are publicly accessible in easy-to-download Microsoft Excel formats. An electronic copy of all certified H-2B applications, as well as approved job orders, are publicly accessible through the iCERT System’s job and labor certification registry at <https://icert.doleta.gov>. For statistical purposes, information collected through this collection are periodically aggregated to provide the public with information on program usage on a quarterly and annual basis. Finally, pursuant to 20 CFR 655.9, the Department uses the information collected on the Form ETA-9142B, *Appendix C*, to provide the public with access to the names and locations of foreign labor recruiters that U.S. employers are engaging or planning to engage in the international recruitment of H-2B workers for the job opportunity. This publication is done at least quarterly.

A.17. Approval Not to Display OMB Expiration Date

The Department will display the expiration date for OMB approval.

A.18. Exceptions to OMB Form 83-I

The Department is not seeking any exception to the certification requirements.

B. Collection of Information Employing Statistical Methods

This information collection does not employ statistical methods.

DRAFT